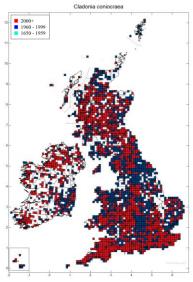
Cladonia coniocraea





Identification: The primary thallus at the base is grey-green when dry with a large number of small, rough scales (squamules). Podetia (green when wet) rise from this and are up to 3cm tall and slightly curved. The tips may be pointed or have a very narrow cup.

Chemistry: K-, P+ red

Similar species: Cladonia coniocraea often grows with *C. macilenta* which is similar when not fertile but remains grey when wet and is K+ yellow.

Habitat: Very common in woods; on acid barked trees especially near the base, or on decaying stumps and logs. Rarely on humus rich acid soils.Distribution: Throughout Britain and Ireland.